Reg. No. B.G. 202.

The Mysore Gazette

PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY

(EXTRAORDINARY)

PART IV—2-C (ii)

BANGALORE, WEDNESDAY, JUNE 14, 1967
(JYEISHTA 24, SAKA ERA 1889)

No. 139

FOOD AND CIVIL SUPPLIES SECRETARIAT.

ORDER.

Bangalore, dated 31st May 1967.

S. O. 1088.—In exercise of the powers conferred by Section 3 of the Essential Commodities Act, 1955 (Central Act 10 of 1955) read with S. O. No. 1841, dated the 18th June 1966, issued by the Government of India in the Ministry of Commerce, the Government of Mysore hereby makes the following order, namely :—

1. **Title, extent and commencement.**—(1) This order may be called the Mysore Essential Commodities [(other than Food-stuffs) (Maintenance of Accounts, Display of Prices and Stocks)] Order, 1967.

(2) It extends to the whole of the State of Mysore.

(3) It shall come into force on the 15th June, 1967.

2. **Definitions.**—In this order unless the context otherwise requires,—

(a) "dealer" means a person carrying on the business of purchase or sale of all or any of the essential commodities

whether wholesale or retail and whether or not in conjunction with any other business, and includes manufacturers and commission agents engaged in any such business;

(b) "Enforcement Officer" means any person appointed by order by the Controller of Civil Supplies and Iron and Steel in Mysore, Bangalore, as Enforcement Officer in respect of such area as may be specified in such order, and where no such person has been appointed in any area, the Inspector and or/the Assistant Inspector of Civil Supplies and Iron and Steel having jurisdiction in the area;

(c) "essential commodity" means the commodities specified in the schedule to this order.

3. Maintenance of Accounts.—(1) Every dealer shall maintain a register of daily account of his stock of essential commodities showing correctly—

(a) the opening stock on each day.

(b) the quantities received during the day showing the place from where and the source from which received;

(c) the quantities delivered or otherwise removed during the day showing the places of destinations; and

(d) the closing stock at the end of the day.

(2) Every dealer shall complete his accounts for each day before the commencement of business on the next working day, unless prevented by reasonable cause, the burden of proving which shall be upon him.

4. Dealer not to with hold stocks from sale.—No dealer shall with hold from sale or refuse to sell any essential commodity ordinarily kept for sale.

5. Dealer to issue receipt or invoice.—Every dealer shall issue to any purchaser a correct receipt or invoice, as the case may be, showing his own name and address, the name and address of the purchaser, the date of transaction, the quantity and commodity sold, the price per unit of sale and the total amount charged and shall keep a duplicate of the same to be available for inspection.

6. Display of stocks and prices.—(a) Every dealer shall exhibit at the entrance or some other conspicuous part of his place of business a statement indicating the stocks of essential commodities in his possession available for sale at the commencement of each working day.

(b) Every dealer shall also display at the entrance or other conspicuous part of his place of business on a special board to be maintained for this purpose the price at which each essential commodity is offered for sale.

(c) The statement of stock and the statement of price maintained and displayed under sub-clauses (a) and (b) shall speciiy the name of the essential commodity in English or Kannada or in any other language understood by the majority of the purchasers of the dealer in the area concerned and the price in the international form of Indian numerals.

(d) Subject to the provisions of sub-clause (c) a dealer may maintain and display statement of stocks and the statement of price in more than one language or in any language as he may desire.

7. Dealer to give facilities for inspection.—Every dealer shall give all facilities at all reasonable times to any Enforcement Officer for inspection of his stocks and accounts at any shop, godown or other places used by him for the storage, sale or purchase of essential commodities.

8. Power of entry, search and seizure.—(1) Any Enforcement Officer with a view to securing compliance with this order, or to satisfying himself that the provisions of this order have not been contravened—

(a) enter into, or search any premises, vehicles, vessels, or other conveyances in which he has reason to believe that a contravention of this order has been, is being, or is about to be committed;

(b) seize the stocks of essential commodities along with the packages, coverings or receptacles in which such essential commodity is found and the animals, vehicles, vessels or other conveyances used in carrying such essential commodity in respect of which the Officer has reason to

believe that a contravention of this Order has been, is being, or is about to be committed.

(2) The provisions of Sections 102 and 103 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1893 (Central Act 5 of 1898) relating to search and seizure shall, so far as may be, apply to searches and seizures under this clause.

SCHEDULE

[*See* sub-clause (c) of Clause 2]

(1) Paper including newsprint, paperboard and strawboard.

(2) Soaps.

(3) Cycle Tyres and Tubes (including Rickshaw Tyres and Tubes).

(4) Dry Cells for Torches.

[No. FSD 164 BCS 66.]

By Order and in the name of the Governor of Mysore,

S. SANTHI,
Deputy Secretary to Government,
Food and Civil Supplies Department.

Printed by the Director of Printing, Sty. & Publications at the Govt. Press, Bl'lore.